

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2021

SESSION LAW 2022-75  
HOUSE BILL 911

\*H911-v-9\*

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FURTHER REGULATORY RELIEF TO THE CITIZENS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**CONFORMING CHANGE TO LEAD DUST STANDARDS**

**SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 130A-131.7 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 130A-131.7. Definitions.**

The following definitions apply in this Part:

...  
(4) "Department" means the Department of ~~Environmental Quality~~ Health and Human Services or its authorized agent.

...  
(7) "Lead poisoning hazard" means any of the following:

...  
c. Any concentration of lead dust that is equal to or greater than ~~40~~ 10 micrograms per square foot on ~~floors or 250 floors,~~ 100 micrograms per square foot on interior windowsills, or 250 micrograms per square foot on vinyl miniblinds, bathtubs, kitchen sinks, or lavatories.

...."

**SECTION 6.(b)** G.S. 130A-131.9C(i), as amended by S.L. 2021-69, reads as rewritten:

"(i) All remediation plans shall require that the lead poisoning hazards be reduced to the following levels:

- (1) ~~Fewer~~ Less than ~~40~~ 10 micrograms per square foot for lead dust on floors.
- (2) ~~Fewer~~ Less than ~~250~~ 100 micrograms per square foot for lead dust on interior ~~windowsills, bathtubs, kitchen sinks, and lavatories.~~ windowsills, windowsills,
- (2a) Less than 250 micrograms per square foot for lead dust on vinyl miniblinds, bathtubs, kitchen sinks, and lavatories.
- (3) ~~Fewer~~ Less than 400 micrograms per square foot for lead dust on window troughs.
- (4) ~~Fewer~~ Less than 400 parts per million for lead in bare soil in play areas, gardens, pet sleeping areas, and areas within three feet of the residential housing unit or child-occupied facility. Lead in bare soil in other locations of the yard shall be reduced to less than 1,200 parts per million.
- (5) ~~Fewer~~ Less than 10 parts per billion for lead in drinking water."

**SECTION 6.(c)** This section becomes effective on December 1, 2022.